

ELLINGHAM COMMUNITY TRUST



Policy: Anti-Bullying and Harassment Policy
Statement

Date: 25th February 2024

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all trustees and those associated with **Ellingham Community Trust (ECT)**, hereby referred to as 'staff', are treated and treat others with dignity and respect, free from harassment and bullying. All relevant individuals should take the time to ensure they understand what types of behaviour are unacceptable under this policy.

This policy covers harassment or bullying which occurs both in and out of the context of ECT work, such as any external activity or at events or trust-related social functions. It covers bullying and harassment by staff and also by third parties such as villagers, suppliers or visitors in any regard.

Staff must treat colleagues and others with dignity and respect, and should always consider whether their words or conduct could be offensive. Even unintentional harassment or bullying is unacceptable. We will take allegations of harassment or bullying seriously and address them promptly and confidentially where possible.

Harassment or bullying by a member of ECT staff will be treated as serious and may be considered misconduct under our Disciplinary Procedure. In some cases it may amount to gross misconduct leading to summary dismissal from the role of Trustee.

We may amend it at any time or depart from it where we consider appropriate.

What the law says

The Equality Act 2010 prohibits harassment related to gender, sexual orientation, marital or civil partner status, gender reassignment, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, disability or age.

The Protection from Harassment Act 1997 also makes it unlawful to pursue a course of conduct which you know or ought to know would be harassment, which includes causing someone alarm or distress.

Under the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 staff are entitled to a safe place and system of work.

Individual members of staff may in some cases be legally liable for harassment of colleagues or third parties including customers, and may be ordered to pay compensation by a court or employment tribunal.

Who is covered by the policy?

This policy covers all individuals working for or on behalf of ECT irrespective of their status, level or grade. It therefore includes all, trustees, casual staff and volunteers (collectively referred to as "staff" in this policy).

What is harassment?

Harassment is any unwanted physical, verbal or non-verbal conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for them. A single incident can amount to harassment.

It also includes treating someone less favourably because they have submitted or refused to submit to such behaviour in the past.

Unlawful harassment may involve conduct of a sexual nature (sexual harassment), or it may be related to the victim's gender, sexual orientation, marital or civil partner status, gender reassignment, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, disability, or age. Harassment is unacceptable even if it does not fall within any of these categories.

Harassment may include, for example:

- unwanted physical conduct or "horseplay", including touching, pinching, pushing, grabbing, brushing past someone, invading their personal space, and more serious forms of physical or sexual assault;
- unwelcome sexual advances or suggestive behaviour (which the harasser may perceive as harmless), and suggestions that sexual favours may further a career or that a refusal may hinder it;
- continued suggestions for social activity after it has been made clear that such suggestions are unwelcome;
- sending or displaying material that is pornographic or that some people may find offensive (including e-mails, text messages, video clips and images sent by mobile phone or posted on the internet);
- offensive or intimidating comments or gestures, or insensitive jokes or pranks;
- mocking, mimicking or belittling a person's disability;

- racist, sexist, homophobic or ageist jokes, or derogatory or stereotypical remarks about a particular ethnic or religious group or gender;
- outing or threatening to out someone as gay or lesbian; or
- ignoring or shunning someone, for example, by deliberately excluding them from a conversation or a workplace social activity.

A person may be harassed even if they were not the intended "target". For example, a person may be harassed by racist jokes about a different ethnic group if they create an offensive environment for that individual.

What is bullying?

Bullying is offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour involving the misuse of power that can make a person feel vulnerable, upset, humiliated, undermined or threatened.

Power does not always mean being in a position of authority, but can include both personal strength and the power to coerce through fear or intimidation.

Bullying can take the form of physical, verbal and non-verbal conduct.

Bullying may include, by way of example:

- shouting at, being sarcastic towards, ridiculing or demeaning others;
- unjustified persistent criticism;
- belittling someone's opinion;
- physical or psychological threats;
- overbearing and intimidating levels of supervision;
- inappropriate and/or derogatory remarks about someone's performance;
- abuse of authority or power by those in positions of seniority; or
- deliberately excluding someone from meetings or communications without good reason.

Legitimate, reasonable and constructive criticism of a worker's performance or behaviour, or reasonable instructions given to workers in the course of their employment, will not amount to bullying on their own.

Informal steps

If you are being bullied or harassed, you should initially consider raising the problem informally with the person responsible, if you feel able. You should explain clearly to them that their behaviour is not welcome or makes you uncomfortable. If this is too difficult or embarrassing to do on your own, you should speak to the Chairman who can provide confidential advice and assistance in resolving the issue formally or informally.

If informal steps have not been successful or are not possible or appropriate, you should follow the formal procedure set out below.

Raising a formal complaint

If you wish to make a formal complaint about bullying or harassment, you should submit it in writing to the Chairman, whose role is to achieve a solution wherever possible and to respect the confidentiality of all concerned.

If the matter concerns that person, you should refer it to other Trustees as appropriate.

Your written complaint should set out full details of the conduct in question, including the name of the harasser or bully, the nature of the harassment or bullying, the date(s) and time(s) at which it occurred, the names of any witnesses and any action that has been taken so far to attempt to stop it from occurring.

As a general principle, the decision whether to progress a complaint is up to you. However, we have a duty to protect all staff and may pursue the matter independently if, in all the circumstances, we consider it appropriate to do so.

Formal investigations

We will investigate complaints in a timely and confidential manner. Individuals not involved in the complaint or the investigation should not be told about it.

The investigation will be conducted by a fellow trustee with appropriate experience and no prior involvement in the complaint. The investigation should be thorough, impartial and objective, and carried out with sensitivity and due respect for the rights of all parties concerned.

We will arrange a meeting with you, usually within one week of receiving your complaint, so that you can give your account of events. You have the right to be accompanied by a fellow trustee of your choice, who must respect the confidentiality of the investigation. You will be given a provisional timetable for the investigation. The investigator will arrange further meetings with you as appropriate throughout the investigation.

Where your complaint is about an employee or fellow trustee, we may consider suspending them or making other temporary changes to working arrangements pending the outcome of the investigation if circumstances require. The investigator will also meet with the alleged harasser or bully who may also be accompanied by another trustee of their choice to hear their account of events. They have a right to be told the details of the allegations against them, so that they can respond.

Where your complaint is about someone other than a ECT trustee or staff member, such as a contractor, villager, service user, supplier, or visitor, we will consider what action may be appropriate to protect you and anyone involved pending the outcome of the investigation, bearing in mind the reasonable needs of the business and the rights of that person.

Where appropriate, we will attempt to discuss the matter with the third party. We will also seriously consider any request that you make for changes to your own working arrangements during the investigation. For example you may ask for changes to your duties so as to avoid or minimise contact with the alleged harasser or bully.

It may be necessary to interview witnesses to any of the incidents mentioned in your complaint. If so, the importance of confidentiality will be emphasised to them. At the end of the investigation, the investigator will submit a report to a manager nominated to consider the complaint.

The Chairman will arrange a meeting with you, usually within a week of receiving the report, in order to discuss the outcome and what action, if any, should be taken. You have the right to bring a fellow trustee to the meeting. A copy of the report and the findings will be given to you and to the alleged harasser.

Action following the investigation

If the Chairman considers that harassment or bullying has occurred, prompt action will be taken to address it. Where the harasser or bully is a fellow trustee, the matter will be dealt with as a case of possible misconduct or gross misconduct under our Disciplinary Procedure. Where the harasser or bully is a third party, appropriate action might include putting up signs setting out acceptable and unacceptable behaviour; speaking or writing to the person and/or their superior about their behaviour; or, in very serious cases, banning them from the premises or terminating a contract with them.

Whether or not your complaint is upheld, we will consider how best to manage the ongoing working relationship between you and the alleged harasser or bully.

It may be appropriate to arrange some form of mediation and/or counselling, or to change the duties, working location or reporting lines of one or both parties.

Any ECT staff member who deliberately provides false information or otherwise acts in bad faith as part of an investigation may be subject to action under our Disciplinary Procedure.

Appeals

If you are not satisfied with the outcome you may appeal in writing to the Chairman, stating your full grounds of appeal, within one week of the date on which the decision was sent or given to you.

We will hold an appeal meeting, normally within one week of receiving your written appeal. This will be dealt with impartially by a sub-set of trustees who have not previously been involved in the case (although they may ask anyone previously involved to be present). You may bring a colleague or fellow trustee to the meeting.

We will confirm our final decision in writing, usually within one week of the appeal hearing. This is the end of the procedure and there is no further appeal.

Protection for those making complaints or assisting with an investigation

ECT staff who make complaints or who participate in good faith in any investigation conducted under this policy must not suffer any form of retaliation or victimisation as a result.

If you believe you have suffered any such treatment you should inform the Chairman.. Anyone found to have retaliated against or victimised someone for making a complaint or assisting in good faith with an investigation under this procedure will be subject to disciplinary action under our Disciplinary Procedure.

Confidentiality and data protection

Confidentiality is an important part of the procedures provided under this policy. Everyone involved in the operation of the policy, whether making a complaint or involved in any investigation, is responsible for observing the high level of confidentiality that is required.

Details of the investigation and the names of the person making the complaint and the person accused must only be disclosed on a "need to know" basis.

Breach of confidentiality may give rise to disciplinary action under our Disciplinary Procedure.

Who is responsible for this policy?

All trustees have a specific responsibility to operate within the boundaries of this policy, ensure that all staff understand the standards of behaviour expected of them and to take action when behaviour falls below its requirements.

Trustees will be given training in order that they may do so.

Questions about this policy should be directed to the Chairman.

Monitoring and review of the policy

Following a formal investigation under this policy, the Chairman should consider whether this policy has been effective in addressing the issues and report any problems or suggestions for improvement to the Trustees.

All ECT trustees and staff are invited to comment on this policy and suggest ways in which it might be improved by contacting the Chairman.

Signed Position:

Chair of Trustees:

Date:

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<https://ellinghamcommunitytrust.org/>